February 8, 2022

# **EARNINGS CALL Q4 2021**





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# Q4 2021

### Q4 2021 | Highlights

### Net Sales in forecasted range – Stronger Retrofit sales

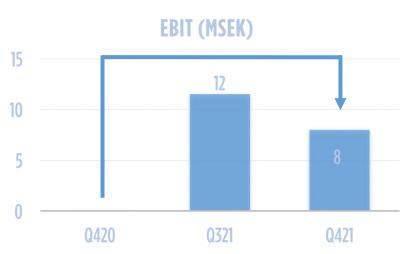
- Net Sales 42 MSEK (35) vs Forecast 40 − 45 MSEK ✓
- Strongest order backlog since Q2 2020 (59 MSEK)
  - Retrofit order from Pobeda for additional 20 aircraft
  - ☐ Three Private jet awards (4 VIP aircraft)
- Strongest operating cash flow (+20 MSEK) since the pandemic started



### **Q4 2021** | Financials in short

### Better EBIT - Improved operating cash flow

- Net Sales of 42 MSEK (35) increased 21% currency adjusted 20%
- **□** EBIT 8 MSEK (-1) EBIT Margin 19% (-2)
- **EPS 0.34 SEK (0.15)**
- ☐ Operating cash flow of 20 MSEK (-1)



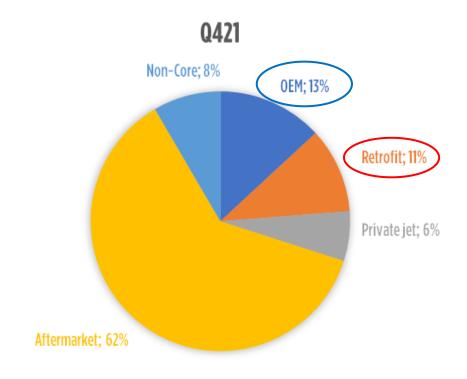


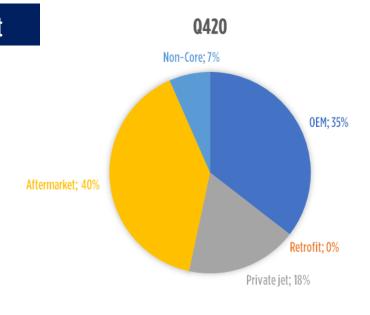




# Q4 2021 Sales Mix

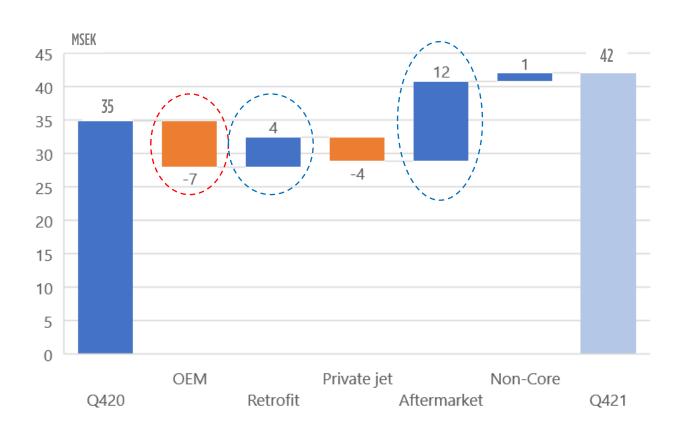
Stronger aftermarket and Retrofit sales – OEM and Private jet relative low point





## **Q4 2021 Net Sales Bridge, YoY**

#### Net Sales increase of 7 MSEK or 21% - Aftermarket up 85% - 0EM down 55%



#### Net sales increased 7 MSEK (+21%)

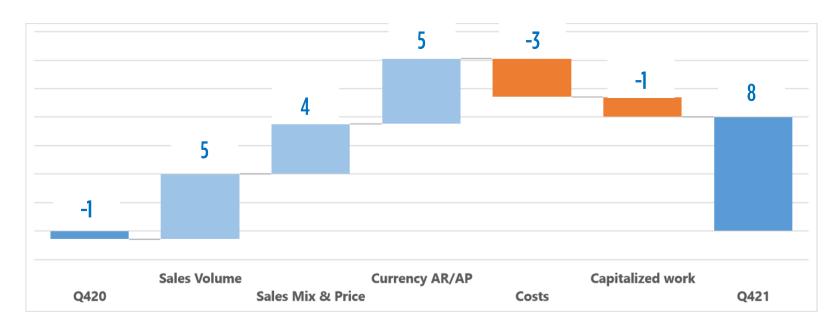
- Driven by a 85% increase in aftermarket sales, benefitting from higher utilization of installed base (more flight hours per a/c per day)
- Offset by: A 55% decline in OEM sales - impacted by pandemic adjustments in aircraft production rates at Boeing and Airbus and production problems on Boeing 787

Q4 2021

### **EBIT Profit Bridge**

#### EBIT increased 9 MSEK

- ☐ Driven by business related improvements explained mainly by higher aftermarket sales
- Positive impact on EBIT from stronger USD/SEK
- ☐ Costs mainly higher due to higher sales (commission, royalty, STC costs, variable renumeration)
- Lower capitalized work in development projects

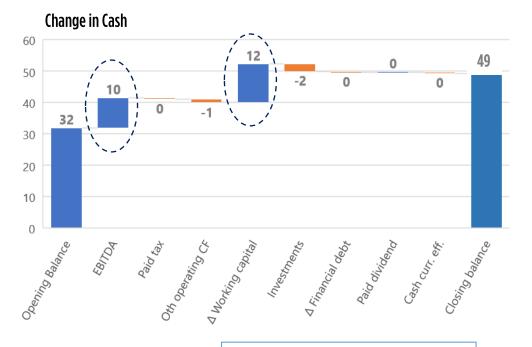


### **Q4 2021 Cash Flow**

- Better operating cash flow +20 MSEK (-1)
- Driven by improved financial performance (EBITDA) and improved working capital

#### \_ Cash Flow

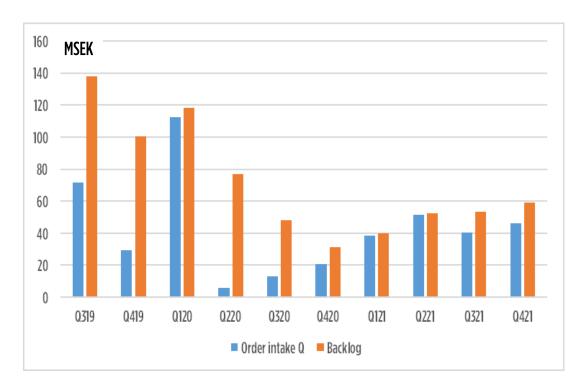
	Q421	Q420
Earnings before tax reconsiled to cash	8.5	-2.6
Paid tax	-0.5	3.9
Change in working capital	12.3	-2.4
Operating Cash Flow	20.4	-1.1
Investments	-2.3	-7.0
Borrowings	-0.3	-0.3
Paid dividend	0.0	0.0
Cash flow	17.7	-8.4



Credit facilities: 52 MSEK unused / available

## Q4 2021 Order Intake & Backlog

- Order intake 46 MSEK vs 21 MSEK same period last year
- Order backlog increased 89 % compared with Q420
- Order backlog highest since Q2 2020



MSEK	Q420	Q421
Order intake	21	46
Backlog	31	59
USD/SEK	8.19	8.98

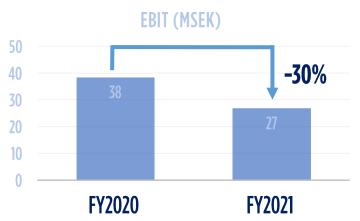
# FY2021

### FY2021

### Financials in short

#### Comparable period includes Q1 2020 with limited pandemic impact

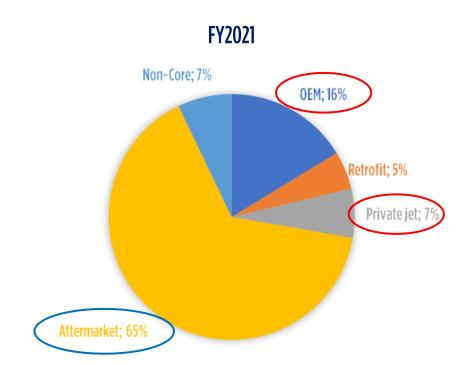
- Net Sales decreased 25% to 151 MSEK (201) Currency adjusted a decline of 19%
- **□** EBIT 27 MSEK (38) EBIT Margin 18% (19)
- EBIT Margin adjusted for one-off items was 15%
- **EPS 1.13 SEK (2.48)**
- Operating cash flow of 30 MSEK (-11), adjusted for one-off items +21 MSEK
- ☐ The Board of Directors proposes a dividend of SEK 0.79 per share (1.74)

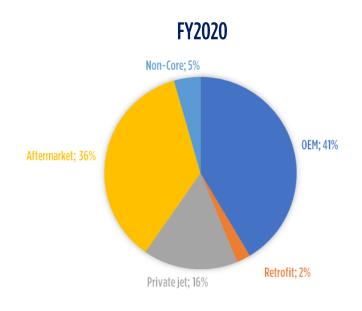




### FY2021 | Sales Mix

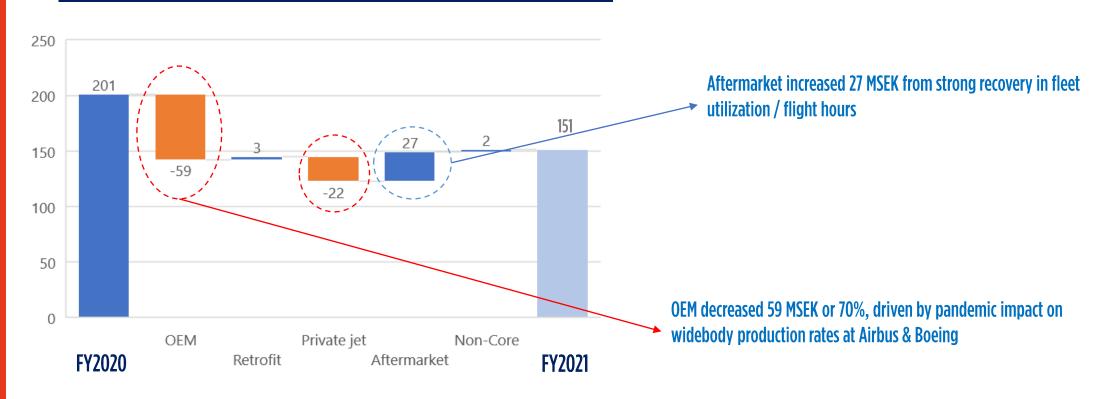
### Aftermarket sales dominated FY2021 sales mix – OEM weak





## **FY2021** Net Sales Bridge, YoY

### Net Sales declined 50 MSEK or 25 % – 19% currency adjusted

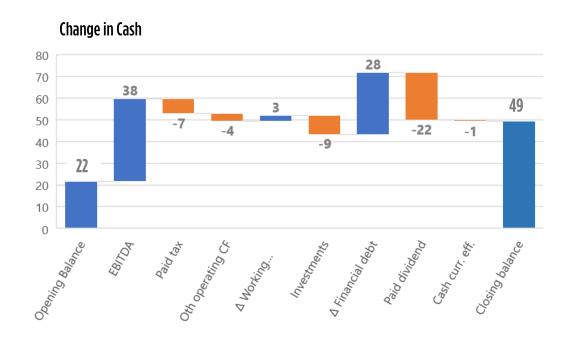


### FY2021 Cash Flow

- Operating cash flow +30 MSEK (-11)
- New loan to strengthen liquidity with 29 MSEK (10)
- Paid dividend of 22 MSEK (51)
- Cash improved to 49 MSEK (22)

#### Cash Flow

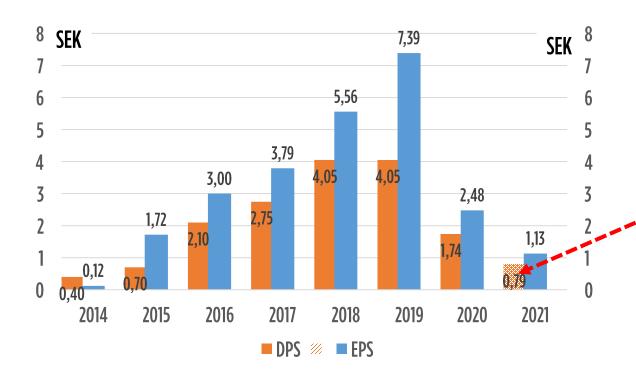
	FY2021	FY2020
Earnings before tax reconsiled to cash	34.5	35.0
Paid tax	-6.8	-34.6
Change in working capital	2.6	-11.2
Operating Cash Flow	30.3	-10.8
Investments	-8.6	-33.6
Borrowings	28.5	9.5
Paid dividend	-21.8	-50.7
Cash flow	28.4	-85.6



### **FY 2021**

### **Proposed Dividend AGM2022**

- ☐ Proposed dividend: 0.79 SEK / share (1.74) 70 % of EPS
- ☐ Total dividend 9.9 MSEK (21.8)



### **Strong financial position:**

Cash & available credit facilities: 101 MSEK

Solidity: 65 % (72) Net debt: 23 MSEK



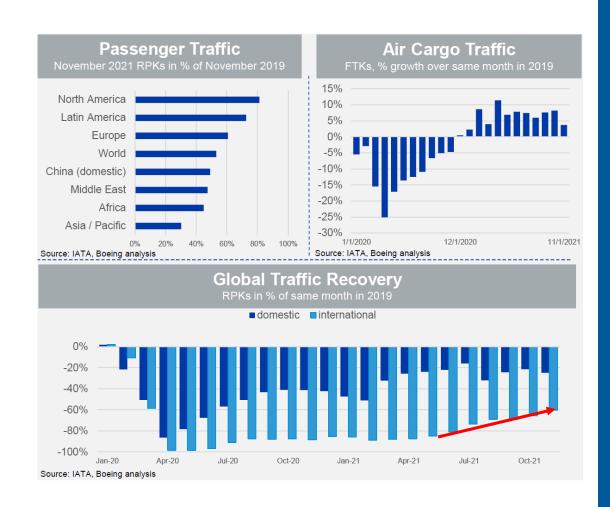
### **Dividend policy:**

At least 70 % of EPS, if Solidity is 40 % or more

# **OUTLOOK**

### **Business Environment**

- North America and Europe leading recovery Asia / Pacific lagging
- ☐ Gradual improvement in international passenger traffic
- ☐ According to Boeing: Airlines shifting focus to medium-term fleet planning

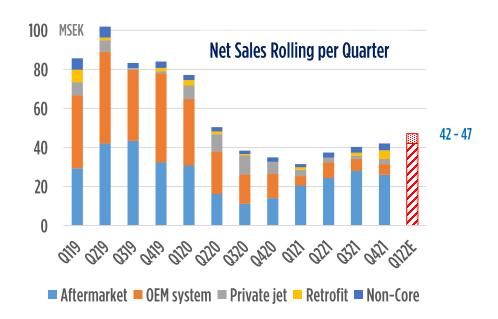


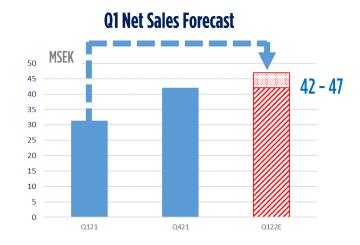
### Forecast Q1 2022

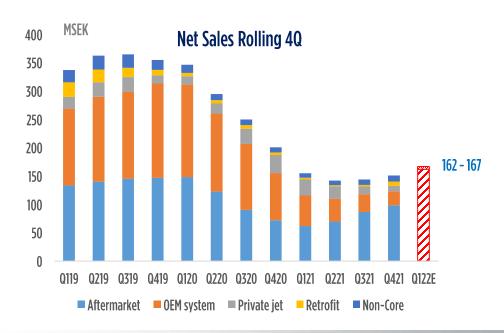
■ Net sales Forecast Q1 2022: 42 - 47 MSEK (31)

#### Q1 2022 versus Q4 2021:

- ☐ Private Jet significant increase partly offset by decrease in Retrofit
- Aftermarket flat or slightly lower
- **□** OEM remains at low delivery rate



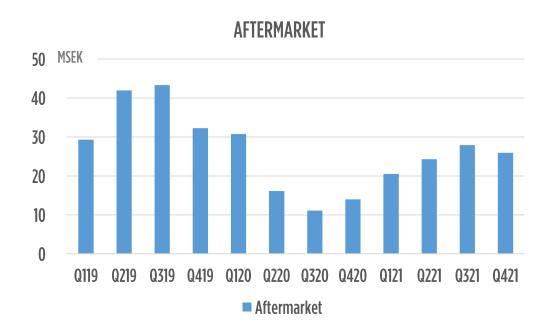


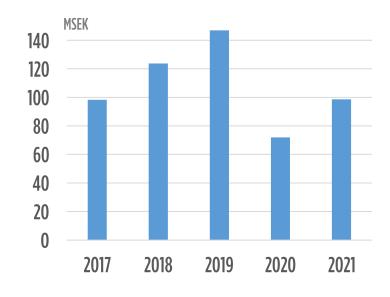


## Aftermarket sales expected to increase in 2022

#### Q1 - Pause in upward trend - Omicron delaying rebound and growth a few months

- More products flying totally on A350 and Boeing 787 vs pre-pandemic
- Boeing 787 fleet restored to 99 % growth when 787 deliveries resume
- A350 aftermarket higher in 2021 vs 2019 continuous growth in 2022





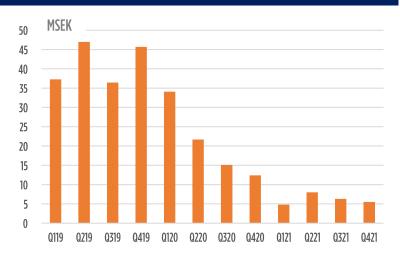
#### **Growth drivers going forward:**

- ☐ Intercontinental flights Longer flights Higher utilization per aircraft (more flight hours)
- Population growth:
  - □ 110 Boeing 787 in inventory + build-rate 1 2 to 5
  - A350 fleet increasing build-rate of 5 per month

### **OEM recovery delayed**

OEM not likely to significantly contribute to growth in 2022 - Boeing 787 issues take longer time than Boeing previously anticipated

- Boeing 787 at low build-rate (1 2 per month)
- ☐ Airbus currently targeting A350 build-rate to increase to 6 in 2023
- Boeing still expects to deliver first 777X in end-2023
- MC-21 type certificate in Dec 2021 targeting entry-into-service in Q3 2022
- ☐ Aircraft production rates higher in H1 2023 lead by A350



#### **Boeing 787**

- Awaiting regulatory approval for pre-delivery inspections on reworked aircraft in inventory
- Industry view for restarting 787-deliveries in April
- Meanwhile producing the 787 at a very low rate
- Expected gradual return to five airplanes per month over time
- Penetration at max only more content (cabin humidifier) or higher production

#### Airbus A350

increase

- Guided higher production rate in Q3 2022, up from 5 per month to 6
- Many large CTT customers with remaining humidifier orders

Max content – Only via penetration and rate

#### **Boeing 777X**

- Certification delayed
  Boeing reiterated EIS late
- 2023

#### MC-ZI

- Type certificate Russia in December 2021
- ☐ Targeted EIS in Q3 2022
- Max content Only via Basic Only ramp-up and penetration and ramp-up more content



### **Retrofit business renaissance**

Airline discussions with focus on air quality and wellness as well as green tech to reduce carbon footprint drive retrofit opportunities

- ☐ Growing airline interest in cabin air quality / humidity / wellness
- Short-term limited number of refurbish programs
- ☐ Projects conditional on re-start of intercontinental travel

- Sustainability efforts + pressure and oil at 7 year high drives interest for Anti-Fuselage-Condensation protection (A320 / Boeing 737)
- Boeing MAX Efforts to obtain STC for Boeing 737 MAX

- Retrofitopportunity:1,000 Boeing787 aircraft
  - Humidification system for the business class at a cost <50% of the cost for 1 business class suite



### Private jet growth in 2022

Start converting strong VIP pipeline into orders — Target Global 7500 and ACJ TwoTwenty

- ☐ Historic VIP revenues approx. \$2M+-\$1M per year
- Awarded ACJ320 OEM-kit system: Adding \$1.5M per year
- Addressed growth opportunities: Approx. \$13M per year







	Completion projects	OEM project	Kit + STC	Addressable Market (per year)	Entry-into- Service
ACJ320			$\sqrt{}$	\$1.5M	In-service
Bombardier Global 7500	$\sqrt{}$			\$10M	In-service
ACJ TwoTwenty				\$3M	2023











